

At **Little Blossoms Nursery** we follow a positive behaviour policy to promote positive behaviour at all times. However, we understand that children may use certain behaviours such as biting as part of their development. Biting is a common behaviour that some young children go through and can be triggered when they do not have the words to communicate their anger, frustration or need.

Our procedures

The nursery uses the following strategies to help prevent biting: sensory activities, biting rings, adequate resources and staff who recognise when children need more stimulation or quiet times. However, in the event of a child being bitten we use the following procedures. The most relevant staff member(s) will:

- Comfort any child who has been bitten and check for any visual injury. Administer any
 first aid where necessary. Complete an accident form and inform the parents via
 telephone if deemed appropriate. Continue to observe the bitten area for signs of
 infection. For confidentiality purposes and possible conflict we do not disclose the name
 of the child who has caused the bite to the parents
- Tell the child who has caused the bite in terms that they understand that biting (the
 behaviour and not the child) is unkind and show the child that it makes staff and the
 child who has been bitten sad. The child will be asked to say sorry if developmentally
 appropriate or helped to develop their empathy skills by giving the child who has been
 bitten a favourite book or comforter. Complete an incident form to share with the
 parents at the end of the child's session
- If a child continues to bite, carry out observations to try to distinguish a cause, e.g. tiredness or frustration
- Arrange for a meeting with the child's parents to develop strategies to prevent the biting behaviour. Parents will be reassured that it is part of a child's development and not made to feel that it is their fault
- In the event of a bite breaking the skin and to reduce the risk of infection from bacteria, give prompt treatment to both the child who has bitten and the child who has been bitten.

If a child or member of staff sustains a bite wound where the skin has been severely broken arrange for urgent medical attention after initial first aid has been carried out. In cases where a child may repeatedly bite and/or if they have a particular special educational need or disability that lends itself to increased biting, e.g. in some cases of autism where a child doesn't have the communication skills, the nursery manager will carry out a risk assessment and may recommend immunisation with hepatitis B vaccine for all staff and children.

This policy was adopted on	Signed on behalf of the nursery	Date for review
1st December 2018	Leanne Docherty	1st December 2019

